In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

Filed: April 29, 2022

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O.M.V.,	* UNPUBLISHED
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Petitioner,	* No. 16-1505V
	*
V.	* Special Master Dorsey
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SECRETARY OF HEALTH	* Attorneys' Fees and Costs.
AND HUMAN SERVICES,	*
	*
Respondent.	*
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<u>Edward M. Kraus</u>, Law Offices of Chicago Kent, Chicago, IL, for petitioner. Emilie Williams, United States Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.

DECISION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS¹

On November 14, 2016, O.M.V. ("petitioner") filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program ("Vaccine Program")² alleging that he suffers "permanent disabilities [and] permanent neurologic deficits" as a result of an influenza ("flu") vaccine administered on November 15, 2013. Petition at 1 (ECF No. 1). On June 16, 2021, the undersigned issued a decision dismissing the petition. Decision dated June 16, 2021 (ECF No. 123). Thereafter, petitioner filed a motion for review, which was denied on December 8, 2021. Order and Opinion dated Dec. 8, 2021 (ECF No. 137).

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¹ Because this Decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, the undersigned is required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the Internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, the undersigned agrees that the identified material fits within this definition, the undersigned will redact such material from public access.

² The Program comprises Part 2 of the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-10 et seq. (hereinafter "Vaccine Act" or "the Act"). Hereafter, individual section references will be to 42 U.S.C. § 300aa of the Act.

On January 19, 2022, petitioner filed an application for attorneys' fees and costs. Petitioner's Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs ("Pet. Mot."), filed Jan. 19, 2022 (ECF No. 141). Petitioner requests compensation in the amount of \$237,378.16, representing \$166,307.90 in attorneys' fees and \$71,070.26 in costs. <u>Id.</u> at 1. Pursuant to General Order No. 9, petitioner warrants that he has not personally incurred any costs in pursuit of his claim for compensation. <u>Id.</u> Respondent filed his response on February 23, 2022, stating he "is satisfied the statutory requirements for an award of attorneys' fees and costs are met in this case." Respondent's Response to Pet. Mot., filed Feb. 23, 2022, at 2 (ECF No. 142). Petitioner did not file a reply thereafter. The matter is now ripe for disposition.

For the reasons discussed below, the undersigned **GRANTS** petitioner's motion and awards a total of \$231,312.43.

I. DISCUSSION

Under the Vaccine Act, the special master shall award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs for any petition that results in an award of compensation. § 15(e)(1). When compensation is not awarded, the special master "may" award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs "if the special master or court determines that the petition was brought in good faith and there was a reasonable basis for the claim for which the petition was brought." <u>Id.</u> In this case, although the petition was eventually dismissed, the undersigned is satisfied that the case possessed both good faith and reasonable basis throughout its pendency. Respondent also has not advanced any argument that the claim lacked good faith or reasonable basis. Accordingly, petitioner is entitled to a final award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

A. Reasonable Attorneys' Fees

The Federal Circuit has approved use of the lodestar approach to determine reasonable attorney's fees and costs under the Vaccine Act. Avera v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 515 F.3d 1343, 1349 (Fed. Cir. 2008). Using the lodestar approach, a court first determines "an initial estimate of a reasonable attorney's fee by 'multiplying the number of hours reasonably expended on the litigation times a reasonable hourly rate." Id. at 1347-58 (quoting Blum v. Stenson, 465 U.S. 886, 888 (1984)). Then, the court may make an upward or downward departure from the initial calculation of the fee award based on other specific findings. Id. at 1348.

Counsel must submit fee requests that include contemporaneous and specific billing records indicating the service performed, the number of hours expended on the service, and the name of the person performing the service. See Savin v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 85 Fed. Cl. 313, 316-18 (2008). Counsel should not include in their fee requests hours that are "excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary." Saxton v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 3 F.3d 1517, 1521 (Fed. Cir. 1993) (quoting Hensley v. Eckerhart, 461 U.S. 424, 434 (1983)). It is "well within the special master's discretion to reduce the hours to a number that, in [her] experience and judgment, [is] reasonable for the work done." Id. at 1522. Furthermore, the special master may reduce a fee request sua sponte, apart from objections raised by respondent

and without providing a petitioner notice and opportunity to respond. <u>See Sabella v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs.</u>, 86 Fed. Cl. 201, 209 (2009).

A special master need not engage in a line-by-line analysis of a petitioner's fee application when reducing fees. Broekelschen v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 102 Fed. Cl. 719, 729 (2011). Special masters may rely on their experience with the Vaccine Program and its attorneys to determine the reasonable number of hours expended. Wasson v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 24 Cl. Ct. 482, 484 (Fed. Cl. Nov. 19, 1991), rev'd on other grounds & aff'd in relevant part, 988 F.2d 131 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Just as "[t]rial courts routinely use their prior experience to reduce hourly rates and the number of hours clamed in attorney fee requests . . [v]accine program special masters are also entitled to use their prior experience in reviewing fee application." Saxton, 3 F.3d at 1521.

i. Reasonable Hourly Rates

Petitioner requests the following hourly rates for the work of their counsel: for Mr. Edward Kraus, \$398.00 per hour for work performed in 2017, \$409.00 per hour for work performed in 2018, \$418.00 per hour for work performed in 2019, \$435.00 per hour for work performed in 2020, and \$458.00 per hour for work performed in 2021; for Ms. Amy Kraus, \$318.00 for work performed in 2017, \$327.00 for work performed in 2018, \$334.00 per hour for work performed in 2019; \$365.00 per hour for work performed in 2020, and \$384.00 per hour for work performed in 2021; and for Ms. Brynna Gang, \$300.00 per hour for work performed in 2020, \$325.00 per hour for work performed in 2021, and \$350.00 per hour for work performed in 2022. Pet. Mot., Tab A. Petitioner also requests the following rates for work of their counsel's paralegals: \$125.00 per hour for work performed in 2017, \$145.00 per hour for work performed in 2018 and 2019, \$160.00 per hour for work performed in 2020, and \$170.00 per hour for work performed in 2021 and 2022. The undersigned finds the rates are consistent with what counsel have previously been awarded for their Vaccine Program work, and finds them to be reasonable herein. Additionally, the undersigned finds Ms. Gang's 2022 rate to be reasonable for an attorney with her experience and within the forum rates, and thus, the undersigned grants the requested rate.

ii. Reasonable Hours Expended

In reducing an award of fees, the goal is to achieve rough justice, and therefore a special master may take into account their overall sense of a case and may use estimates when reducing an award. See Florence v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 15-255V, 2016 WL 6459592, at *5 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Oct. 6, 2016) (citing Fox v. Vice, 563 U.S. 826, 838 (2011)). It is well established that an application for fees and costs must sufficiently detail and explain the time billed so that a special master may determine, from the application and the case file, whether the amount requested is reasonable. Bell v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 18 Cl. Ct. 751, 760 (1989); Rodriguez v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 06-559V, 2009 WL 2568468 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. July 27, 2009). Petitioner bears the burden of documenting the fees and costs claimed. Rodriguez, 2009 WL 2568468 at *8.

The undersigned has reviewed the submitted billing entries and finds the total number of hours billed to be largely reasonable. However, the undersigned finds a reduction in fees necessary due to the following: (1) excessive time billed for creating and organizing exhibits,³ highlighting medical literature, ⁴ and working on hearing binders; ⁵ (2) billing entries that were charged at incorrect rates; ⁶ (3) meetings attended by multiple attorneys but length of meeting differed for the attendees; ⁷ and (4) entries for "review order" when no order was filed on or near that date, or multiple entries for "review order" when only one order was filed on or near that date. Some of these issues are not new to petitioner's counsel. See, e.g., Antalosky v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 16-701V, 2022 WL 363916, at *5 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Jan. 24, 2022) (reducing petitioner's requested fees for excessive billing for administrative tasks); Shirley v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 17-539V, 2021 WL 5027381, at *2 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Oct. 8, 2021) (same); Henkel v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 15-1048V, 2022 WL 37029, at *2 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Jan. 19, 2022) (finding "a small reduction [] necessary due to time billed on administrative tasks such as filing documents and marking exhibits and somewhat excessive time billed for reviewing orders"). This results in a total reduction of \$6,065.73. Petitioner is therefore awarded final attorneys' fees of \$160,242.17.

B. Attorneys' Costs

Petitioner requests a total of \$71,070.26 in attorneys' costs. This amount is comprised of acquiring medical records, FedEx and other shipping costs, and for work performed by petitioner's experts, Dr. M. Eric Gershwin and Dr. Marcel Kinsbourne. Pet. Mot., Tab B. The undersigned has reviewed the requested costs and finds them to be reasonable and supported with appropriate documentation. Accordingly, the full amount of costs shall be awarded.

II. CONCLUSION

Based on all of the above, the undersigned finds that it is reasonable to compensate petitioner and his counsel as follows:

Attorneys' Fees Requested	\$166,307.90
(Total Reduction from Billing Hours)	-\$6,065.73
Total Attorneys' Fees Awarded	\$160,242.17

³ The undersigned will cut this time in half, resulting in a reduction of \$1,072.00.

⁴ The undersigned will cut this time by 20%, resulting in a reduction of \$976.20.

⁵ The undersigned will cut this time in half, resulting in a reduction of \$3,216.50.

⁶ This results in a reduction of \$380.53.

⁷ This results in a reduction of \$353.50.

⁸ This results in a reduction of \$67.00.

Attorneys' Costs Requested	\$71,070.26
(Reduction of Costs)	-
Total Attorneys' Costs Awarded	\$71,070.26
Total Attorneys' Fees and Costs Awarded	\$231,312.43

Accordingly, the undersigned awards \$231,312.43 in attorneys' fees and costs, in the form of a check payable jointly to petitioner and petitioner's counsel, Mr. Edward Kraus.

In the absence of a motion for review filed pursuant to RCFC Appendix B, the Clerk of Court **SHALL ENTER JUDGMENT** in accordance with this decision.⁹

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Nora Beth Dorsey

Nora Beth Dorsey Special Master

⁹ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.